



ASEAN STANDARD FOR EGGPLANT (ASEAN Stan 26:2012)

1. DEFINITION OF PRODUCE

This standard applies to commercial varieties of eggplant¹ grown from *Solanum melongena* L. of the Solanaceae family to be supplied fresh to the consumer. Eggplant for industrial processing is excluded.

2. PROVISIONS CONCERNING QUALITY

2.1 MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

In all classes, subject to the special provisions for each class and the tolerances allowed, the eggplant must be:

- whole with calyx and peduncle intact;
- firm,
- fresh;
- clean, practically free of any visible foreign matter;
- practically free of foreign smell and/or taste;
- having a shape and color characteristic of the variety;
- sound, produce affected by rotting or deterioration such as to make it unfit for consumption is excluded;
- practically free of pests and damage caused by them affecting the general appearance of the produce:
- practically free from mechanical and/or physiological damage; and
- practically free of surface moisture excluding condensation.

2.1.1 The eggplant should be harvested and have reached an appropriate degree of development in accordance with the area in which they are grown.

The development and condition of the eggplant must be such as to enable them:

- to withstand transport and handling; and
- to arrive in satisfactory condition at the place of destination

2.2 CLASSIFICATION

Eggplant is classified in three classes defined below:

¹ Eggplant is also known as brinjal or aubergine

2.2.1 "Extra" Class

Eggplant in this class must be of superior quality. It must be practically free of defects provided these do not affect the general appearance of the produce, the quality, the keeping quality and presentation in the package.

2.2.2 Class I

Eggplant in this class must be of good quality. Slight defects may be allowed provided these do not affect the general appearance of the produce, the quality, the keeping quality and presentation in the package.

2.2.3 Class II

This class includes eggplant which does not qualify for inclusion in the higher classes, but satisfy the minimum requirements specified in Section 2.1 above. Eggplant in this class must be of good quality. Defects may be allowed, however, provided these do not affect the general appearance of the produce, the quality, the keeping quality and presentation in the package.

3. PROVISIONS CONCERNING SIZING

Size is determined by length or weight, in accordance with the following table:

A. Size codes based on weight (round-type)

Size Code	Weight (g)
1	>300
2	>250-300
3	>200-250
4	>150-200
5	>100-150
6	>50-100
7	30-50

B. Size codes based on length (elongated-type)

Size Code	Length (cm)
1	>35
2	>30-35
3	>25-30
4	>20-25
5	>15-20
6	>10-15
7	8-10

4. PROVISIONS CONCERNING TOLERANCES

Tolerances in respect of quality and size shall be allowed in each package (or in each lot for produce presented in bulk) for produce not satisfying the requirements of the class indicated.

4.1 QUALITY TOLERANCES

4.1.1 "Extra" Class

Five percent by number or weight of eggplant is not satisfying the requirements of the class, but meeting those of Class I or, exceptionally, coming within the tolerances of that class.

4.1.2 Class I

Ten percent by number or weight of eggplant not satisfying the requirements of the class, but meeting those of Class II or, exceptionally, coming within the tolerances of that class.

4.1.3 Class II

Ten percent by number or weight of eggplant satisfying neither the requirements of the class nor the minimum requirements, with the exception of produce affected by rotting or any other deterioration

4.2 SIZE TOLERANCES

For all classes, 10% by number or weight of eggplant not satisfying the requirements as regards sizing, but falling within the size immediately above or below those indicated in Section 3.

5. PROVISIONS CONCERNING PRESENTATION

5.1 UNIFORMITY

The contents of each package (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be uniform and contain only eggplant of the same variety, origin, quality and size. The visible part of the contents of the package (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be representative of the entire contents.

5.2 PACKAGING

Eggplant must be properly packed and stacked in such a way as to protect the produce. The materials used inside the package must be clean and of good quality such as to avoid causing any external or internal damage to the produce. The use of materials, particularly of paper or stamps bearing trade specifications is allowed, provided the printing or labeling has been done with non-toxic ink or glue.

Eggplant shall be packed in each container in compliance with the *Recommended International Code of Practice for Packaging and Transport of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (CAC/RCP 44-1995, Amd. 1-2004)*.

5.2.1 Description of Containers

The containers shall meet the quality, hygiene, ventilation and resistance characteristics to ensure suitable handling, shipping and preserving of the eggplant. Packages (or lot for produce presented in bulk) must be practically free of foreign matter and smell.

6. MARKING OR LABELING

6.1 CONSUMER PACKAGES

In addition to the requirements of the Codex General Standard for the Labeling of Prepackaged Foods (CODEX STAN 1-1985, Rev. 1-1991), the following specific provisions apply:

6.1.1 Nature of Produce

Each package shall be labeled as to the name of the produce and may be labeled as to the name of the variety and/or commercial type.

6.2 NON-RETAIL CONTAINERS

Each package must bear the following particulars, in letters grouped on the same side, legibly and indelibly marked, and visible from the outside, or in the documents accompanying the shipment. For produce transported in bulk these particulars must appear on a document accompanying the goods.

6.2.1 Identification

Name and address of Exporter, Packer and/or Dispatcher. Identification code (optional).

6.2.2 Nature of Produce

Name of produce, variety and/or commercial type.

6.2.3 Origin of Produce

Country of origin and, optionally, district where grown or national, regional or local place name.

6.2.4 Commercial Identification

- Produce name;
- Variety name (optional);
- Class;
- Size;
- Number of units (optional);
- Net weight (optional).

6.2.5 Official Inspection Mark (optional)

7. CONTAMINANTS

7.1 PESTICIDE RESIDUES

Eggplant shall comply with those maximum residue limits established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission, ASEAN Harmonized MRLs for Pesticides, and/or by authority for this commodity.

7.2 OTHER CONTAMINANTS

Eggplant shall comply with those maximum levels for heavy metals established by the Codex Alimentarius Commission and/or by authority for this commodity.

8. HYGIENE

8.1 It is recommended that the product covered by the provisions of this Standard be prepared and handled in accordance with the appropriate sections of the Recommended International Code of Practice – General Principles of Food Hygiene (CAC/RCP 1-1969, Rev. 3-1997), and other relevant Codex texts such as Codes of Hygienic Practice and Codes of Practice.

8.2 The product should comply with any microbiological criteria established in accordance with the Principles for the Establishment and Application of Microbiological Criteria for Foods (CAC/GL 21-1997).

9. METHODS OF ANALYSIS AND SAMPLING

Analytical and sampling methods to be used for ascertaining conformance to the requirements of this specification shall be in accordance with relevant text in Codex Methods of Analysis and Sampling.

References:

Department of Agriculture and Agrifood – Ministry of Industry and Primary Resources, Brunei Darussalam. Proposed Draft Brunei Standard for Eggplant. 2011

Malaysian Standard: Fresh Brinjal Specifications MS 2423:2011

Philippine National Standard for Eggplant –Grading and Classification. PNS/BAFPS 52:2007

Information Thailand – Eggplant presented during the 7th Meeting of the Task Force on ASEAN Standards for Horticultural Produce and Other Food Crops, 25-27 April 2011, Phuket Thailand.

ASEAN Harmonized MRLs for Pesticides

VERNACULAR NAMES OF EGGPLANT IN THE ASEAN REGION

Country	Common Name
Brunei Darussalam	Terung Panjang Terung Bulat Terung
Cambodia	Trab Veng Trab Moul
Indonesia	Terong Panjang Terong Bulat Terong Lalap Terong Medan
Lao PDR	Mak Khe
Malaysia	Terung Panjang Terung Bulat Terung
Myanmar	Kha Yann Thee
Phillipines	Talong
Thailand	Makhua Yao Makhua Muang
Vietnam	Ca Tim